

SBI REPORT

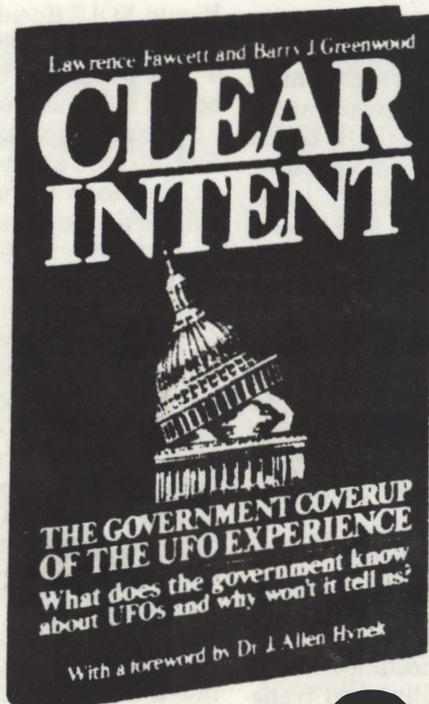
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Jolting Book Blows Lid Off One of Nation's Best-Kept Secrets



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EDITORIAL

by: James R. Leming

It is my fondest hope that this editorial will spur interest in the minds of UFO investigators everywhere, to ask themselves 'Why am I afraid to cooperate...?'

When a valid case comes to light, why do investigators think that the way THEY would handle the matter is necessarily the best or only approach? Is it so far fetched to imagine one researcher calling on another to combine in-put? If one were to rationalize for a moment, there conceivably could be no way to stage a 'hoax' if sources were linked together. A story could be cut down in the first stages even if the only thing checked and confirmed was the location. On the other side of the coin, just think how much *more* we would know about this mysterious phenomena if only three or four groups were to pool their information.

I do understand the 'sensitivity' of the legal aspects wherein lawsuits are being filed against some of the highest government agencies in the country in order to obtain vital information and give it to the rightful owners, the public. I would also have to concur that in such limited areas, smaller numbers of people would be at a greater advantage. HOWEVER ... To reach the stage of preparation needed before proceeding legally, hundreds of agents, researchers and investigators are needed to collect, evaluate and correlate the reams of information that has been gathered.

The matter of the recent 'Crash/Retrieval' research is a prime example of what could be accomplished by cooperation. It staggers the imagination what lies uncovered to this point. Where would our progress take us if all sources were to help each other??

My point is this. Why is it so important to be the one personally responsible for cracking the UFO enigma? I grant you that the prestige would be mountainous and the headlines would require the Goodyear Blimp to transport but just to be associated with the people responsible would be enough for me.

I had stated in the beginning of this writing that I had hoped to spark a few minds into action and satisfy my own question ... 'Where is it written that we cannot work together to achieve the same end?' ...

Has it occurred to anybody the reason a major breakthrough has NOT been made is simply a matter of cooperation and trust? Obviously, all a potential witness needs to do is look around. They will see investigators trying their best to shoot *each other* down, and in so doing, hopefully gaining support for their pet theories. After all, it's *their* explanation that has the only possible bearing. Be honest with yourself, and answer this question. Would you, should the situations be reversed, allow *YOUR* name to be linked with people that could not even agree among themselves? This doesn't even take into consideration the volatile subject! There is no mystery as to why countless sources remain unnamed. They cannot be guaranteed support from the very people that are supposed to be helping them. When you stop and think about it, who in their right mind would come forward knowing that for their trouble, they in return would receive merely additional grief in an already troubled world. Would YOU? (Incidentally, the last sentence could have appeared verbatim in a 1952 newspaper and would still have been a statement of current feeling.)

I am asking you, as a private citizen first, to read and re-read this editorial, writing down as you go, questions that you would like to see answered. Secondly, as a concerned party involved with the greatest mystery of all time, write down reasons that you would deem valid for not sharing in the vast amounts of data now present and send them to me, unsigned if you wish, so that I might start about the business of creating some form of 'unity' where none has been before.

Here is *your* chance to take the first 'trusting' step. I am sure that others will not be far behind.

I would hate to think that if some time in the future, all the information collected concerning UFO's were placed into a time capsule and then recovered, only to find that we were in the same spot as when it was buried. Now do you see my point? □

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UFO Sightings Over Argentina

by: Juan Manual Quiros,
SBI State Director of Florida

In 1983 many strange aerial objects have been seen flying over different parts of Argentina in the course of one day. Cities like Santa Fe, Rosario, Cordoba, La Plata and Buenos Aires where witnesses observed objects in the sky that do not seem to fit descriptions of any known object.

One witness described what he saw as a "big halo" of white and orange color, full of plates (saucers) of the same color, each followed by a long red and golden trail. The objects were seen flying together in formation in a lineal trajectory crossing the sky until they disappeared with a velocity two or three times greater than that of military jets.

Another person, a young man who resides in Ezeiza, Buenos Aires, stated that the objects he observed flew slowly and low and appeared to resemble an "enormous horseshoe with several smaller objects within." As the objects disappeared they seemed to lose luminosity.

The National Meteorological Service and airports never openly reported these UFO sightings to the public. Yet, no known explanation can be attributed to the origin of these objects. Let's explore each of these possibilities:

1. Lenticular Clouds or Other Strange Formations - This is impossible because a similar cloud could not be observed at almost the same time at locations separated by hundreds of miles. Further, clouds constantly alter their form and, therefore, can not

always give an appearance of resembling a group of objects advancing in our sky. Besides, clouds do not move faster than a military jet let alone two or three times as fast.

2. Globular Rays - These meteorological formations are not very frequent and furthermore cannot represent a plausible explanation since the description of the objects "is not" globular rather more like ellipses opened at one end.

3. Meteorites - These are rocks that are in space which when pulled by the earth's gravity travel through our atmosphere and burn-up because of friction. Usually, these objects burn up in seconds and although they can be observed in groups they give the impression of falling toward earth rather than travelling at a definite height and never travel slowly.

4. Space Debris - These objects can be depicted as meteors, but they burn up much faster since they are not massive. Even more, they would never represent the descriptions made by the witnesses.

5. Artificial Satellite Placed In Orbit By The Space Shuttle Challenger - Impossible due to the information we have at present that this satellite did not explode instead it is orbited in an inadequate orbit thousands of miles above our planet and thus invisible to the naked eye.

6. The Planet Venus - Venus was visible at the time of the sightings and I concede that at times witnesses confuse

this planet with strange UFOs. However, it is certainly difficult for me to believe that a witness could assume it to be a flotilla of strange objects.

7. Secret Military Planes - This is possible but highly unlikely since these objects did not emit any sounds, their velocity presented variations but they did not travel at high altitudes, and when seen flying at two or three times faster than any known military jet these objects should have produced a sonic-boom but did not.

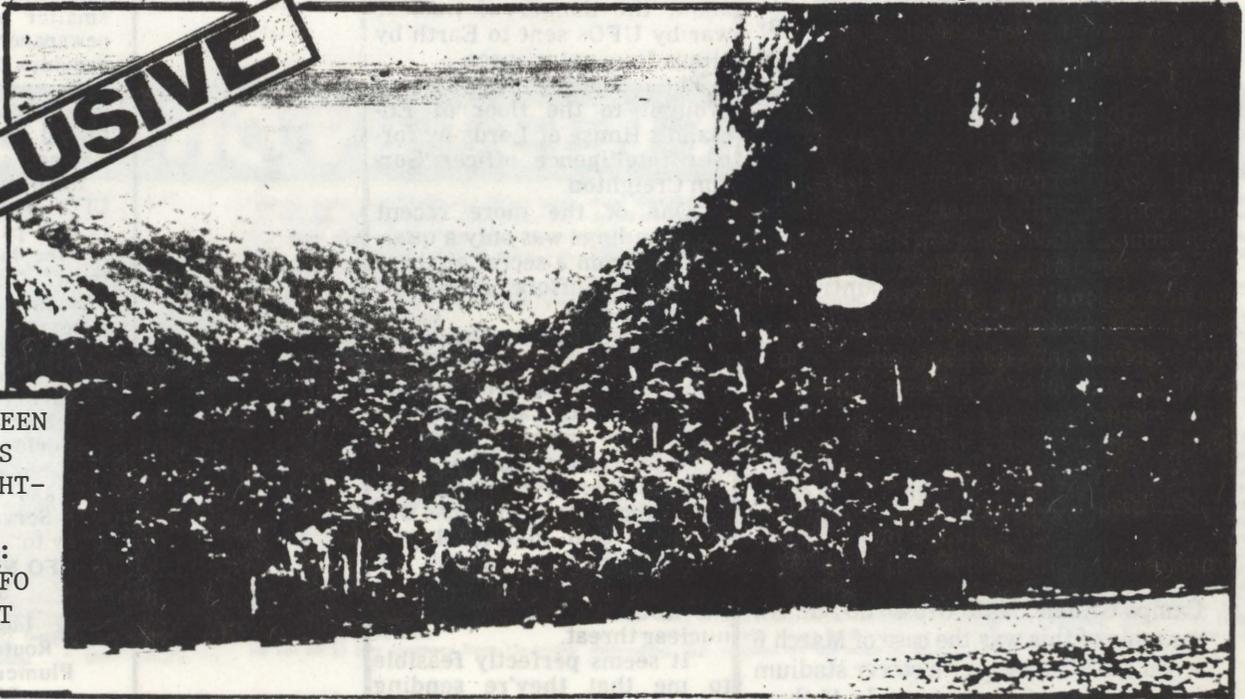
One of the best sightings to transpire occurred at Nahuel Huapi Lake, near the city of San Carlos de Baciloché, Argentina, on Feb. 4, 1983, when a tourist boat loaded with passengers traveled downstream. Antonia Villafuentes, a resident of the city of Mendoza, as well as numerous other tourists, were taking photos of the scenic area. All at once, a fast, shining light crossed in front of them in which Mr. Villafuentes captured on film.

After speaking with the witnesses it was discovered that the object ascended from the lake itself. Its extreme velocity did not disturb the water surface or the witnesses. However, it left no time for anyone to identify the object; not even the photo could depict exactly what the object was since the image appeared out of focus.

Photographic analysis of the photo indicated that no trickery was used and also calculated that the displacement which the image presents had an ap-

EXCLUSIVE

ARROW: UFO SEEN
BY PASSENGERS
ABOARD A SIGHT-
SEEING BOAT.
DOTTED LINES:
SHOWS PATH UFO
TOOK AFTER IT
EMERGED FROM
THE LAKE.



Argentina-cont'd. from pg. 3

proximate speed of 10,000 km. per hour (about 6,000 m.p.h.), a velocity of which no man-made object could resist without disintegrating in the atmosphere.

The presence of this object in this area can be explained by several reasons. It is well known by researchers that numerous UFOs have been observed around the Cordillera de los Andes region, over which the Nahuel Huapi is found. But most interesting still is that since 1966 Baciloché's history accumulated many UFO sightings and other mysterious incidents. For example, there is an Indian legend that talks of a "monster" similar to the one of Loch Ness fame that resides in the lake.

In 1972 over this same lake a group of friends, walking by the coastline, observed several objects described as looking like "cigarettes" with illuminated sections. The objects flew over the lake and disappeared in the horizon in a matter of seconds. It is strange enough that a few would observe such a sight, so what then do we say when such similar sightings are observed by thousands of people during the past 12 years? Of which, in many cases, photographs have been successfully taken of these objects by police officials, the National Gendarmery (border police), and everyday citizens of South America. Although numerous photographs have been taken, unfortunately only a mere handful have come into the hands of researchers due to fear of ridicule or harassment by the witnesses involved. Yet, it is enough, in my opinion, to indicate quite well that something enigmatic is being filmed flying through South American skies.

A Brazilian ufologist, A.J. Geveard of Mato Grosso do Sul, determined last year that a UFO flap in Brazil was evident. In fact, UFO activity over southwestern Brazil was intensive inasmuch as this part of the country was literally overflowed by numerous UFOs either flying alone or in groups. Geveard further stated, at the II International Congress of Ufology which took place in Brazil in April of 1983, "this is a very significant year in UFO history since nearly 20 thousand cases developed that could be studied." It should be noted that a great concentration of activity occurred in the area of Campo Grande, Mato Grosso do Sul. An example of this was the case of March 6 when a UFO flew over a soccer stadium in plain view of approximately 45 thou-

sand people and remained in view for about half an hour as it circled the area continuously.

Another incident occurred in Carapo when a UFO fell into a lake. The water became contaminated and several people swimming in it later died. Subsequently, the lake was drained and at the bottom of the lake a circular depression was visible. No one was allowed in the area and, as far as we know, the UFO was never retrieved and no other information was ever foretold from government and military authorities.

Still yet, on February 20, 1982 a 737 jet was making domestic flight when its 160 passengers (minutes after take-off) felt a strong vibration from outside the plane which made it swing back and forth and turn upside down. This, of course, had food, drinks and passengers flying about. Suddenly, as mysteriously as it happened the plane was once again flying normal with passengers and crew thinking the worst was over. To their surprise the jet began to descend rapidly and passengers began to notice a high luminosity over the wings of the craft. Once again, the plane flew normally and remained this way until they neared Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul when the jet turned upside down for a second time and then turned upright and landed safely. All the passengers

UFOs warn of atomic disaster

A government bigwig says the world is being warned about the danger of nuclear war by UFOs sent to Earth by aliens from outer space.

The amazing news was brought to the floor of England's House of Lords by former intelligence officer Gordon Creighton.

"One of the more recent UFO landings was only a quarter-mile from a secret air base in nearby Suffolk, England," Creighton said.

"We're poised on the brink of a nuclear disaster, and those who are watching over us from other planets are sending UFOs here warning us not to press the nuclear button."

A member of England's Select Committee on Defense was outraged that high-level government sources haven't released what they know about the aliens' concerns over the nuclear threat.

"It seems perfectly feasible to me that they're sending UFOs here to warn us."

and crew were questioned by authorities and requested to forget the incident.

Many other cases, some of recent origin, have taken place in South America and were reported to me by Silvia R. Sadir directly from Brazil whom I thank greatly. Now, deducing from what I have just written it can be stated that thousands of UFO sightings are transpiring annually in South America. Unfortunately, I cannot say for sure that these objects were indeed flying saucers, but neither can I say they were not. Nevertheless, these objects were surely UFOs—unidentified flying objects—that were not man-made, nor do they have any cosmic or meteorological type explanation. I believe many of these sightings actually depict some unknown, as yet, objects that defy the laws of gravity or any conventional explanation. What do you think? □

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Investigation Tips

by: Charles J. Wilhelm
State Director of Kentucky



A successful investigation doesn't begin in the field, it begins at home. The investigator must know where, how long and what equipment is necessary. Knowing these facts, the investigator should have a safe investigation.

The investigator has an obligation to himself, and others who may be involved, to insure safety while conducting any investigation. Investigators working together is the most important aspect of safety and communicating outdoors. Operating as a team on any investigation should be a common goal for all investigators.

It is very easy for an individual to get excited about a case, especially if it involves a landing or Bigfoot incident. This excitement can cause confusion at times, since the main thought of the investigator is to get to the scene of the incident as quickly as possible.

This article deals with some of the proper procedures which the investigator must know before doing actual field investigations. Safety should always be a key factor in the mind of any investigator. A human life is far more precious than any case. Mistakes are easily made in the field if one doesn't know what they're doing.

Proper equipment, with maximum utility and minimum weight, is mandatory for a successful investigation. Proper clothing and footwear are essential to the well-being of the investigator.

The difference between the experienced field investigator and the novice does not lie in experience alone; rather it is found in the difference of attitude. The experienced field investigator doesn't choose his equipment on the basis of its good looks. He selects carefully what function each item is to perform and checks off these functions against the piece of equipment. He also will consider approximately how many times during a field investigation he will need or use a particular item and if it will be of any use at all.

The investigator who carries his equipment on his back has reached the ultimate in personal freedom and safety in trekking over rough terrain. However, the investigator can also become sore-shouldered and back-weary by using the wrong type or size of field pack and by carrying it too far and too fast.

There are a considerable number of backpacks of various sizes, shapes,

weights, types and prices on the market. Like anything else one may buy, some equipment is excellent, some good and some just fair. Remember, you always get what you pay for. Therefore, it is advisable to buy the best backpack that you can afford. It will serve you much better and last longer. When buying a backpack, use these guidelines: What type of field investigating am I mainly going to do? Is the backpack large enough or too large? How long will it hold up, considering the type of use it will be subject to?

It is suggested that the investigator select either the Ketty Mountaineer Pack or the adjustable Explorer Frame Pack, which is designed for a perfect fit. The comfort and efficiency with which you carry equipment into rough areas may well decide the success of your investigation. Comfort, efficiency and fit are directly related to the design of a backpack and how it is packed.

The key to walking comfortably with a backpack is balance. To have balance the investigator must keep the weight over the feet as much as possible. The average backpack places the weight low and away from the investigator's back. He must lean forward in an awkward posture to transfer the weight from his shoulders to his back. The backpack should allow the investigator to concentrate the weight higher and closer to his back. The contoured frame achieves this even more efficiently transferring much of the weight to the hips by the use of a waist strap. However, there is a drawback of a packframe if you have to do a lot of climbing, because it will place the weight too high for comfort and agility.

It is very important, regardless of the design of your backpack, to pack your equipment properly into the backpack. The heavy equipment should always be carried as high and as close to the body as is possible. Pack the light items such as extra clothing, sleeping bag, etc., at the bottom of the pack. Always keep the smaller items that you might want at once in the outside pockets or at the very top of your pack. Be sure that your first-aid kit, poncho, food, etc., are easily reached.

The investigator's clothing and footwear should be designed and selected for three main reasons: it has to be strong, lightweight and warm. It should not bind or hamper one's movement,

and it should protect one from heat, cold, snags, dirt, water and snakes.

Never ever wear shorts when doing field investigative work; this also goes for short sleeve shirts. No doubt they are cool to wear during the summer months, but they present a safety hazard to you. By wearing shorts in the field, one can develop brush and rock scratches, become badly sunburned, or possibly get a rash from poison ivy or oak. Shorts provide no protection to the lower legs and the short sleeved shirt provides no protection to the arms.

Keeping warm and dry is very important in doing field work. Your body burns food to produce from 2400 to 4500 calories of heat a day and about two pints of water in the form of insensible perspiration. To keep warm, heat must be conserved and water vapor carried off without passing into clothing layers. How do you get rid of the two pints of water without it soaking into your clothing? Ventilation is the answer! Successful ventilation requires two conditions: first, there must be space next to your skin for air to circulate; and second, air must be free to enter your clothing, usually at the wrists and pants, cuffs and waist, and leave at the neck. Genuine net underwear, with holes larger than 1/4", will take care of the ventilating. Avoid underwear that clings to your skin and wicks the moisture into your clothing.

The next layer consists of more or less conventional clothing: the wool skirt, the heavy trousers. Prime considerations here are comfort, utility and durability. Wool or some of the new synthetics in a spun fiber are good because they don't mat down and they stay warm when wet.

The insulation is your most important layer and the most important thing to remember about insulation is thickness. Actually, dead air does the insulating and any material that will stop the circulation of air inside your clothing will be effective insulation. It could be wool or the best grade of down. Down is an ideal insulator for two good reasons: one, to insulate a certain thickness requires fewer ounces of down than any other material; and two, it is more easily compressed.

To keep the elements out of your insulation, you need a windproof, water repellent outer skin. Sometimes this is provided in the outer covering of

the insulating jacket, but more commonly it is supplied by an outer wind parka capable of being completely sealed around wrists and face. If the wind is allowed to penetrate the outer layers of your insulation, it reduces the effective thickness. Rainwear, such as a good poncho, also belongs to this category when there is danger of the insulation becoming wet.

The importance of foot care should be realized also by the field investigator. One's feet probably receive the least care of the human body. The field investigator cannot afford to neglect his feet. A lot of sore feet are due mainly to the wearing of the wrong type of socks with the wrong boots. No field investigator should ever wear socks too old and worn, too small, or with new boots that have not been property broken-in for rugged terrain.

Always make sure that all of the wrinkles and creases are smoothed out of your socks before going inside your boots, or you will get into real foot problems. Don't ever wear old socks or socks that have a rough texture or have holes in them. They will definitely cause sore feet. It's always a good habit to wear new socks when you're going to be covering rough terrain.

Wear a light pair of wool socks and over them a heavier pair of half-size larger. This extra pair will help cushion your feet when walking over rough terrain. If you're allergic to wool, wear a pair of cotton or nylon stretch socks with fleeced, cushioned soles.

Don't let anyone tell you that there is an all-around or all-purpose hiking boot, suitable for all types of terrain and weather conditions. That's pure bull!

You should select a good boot designed for rough terrain and waterproof. It also should be snake-proof. The boot should be correctly fitted, have soft uppers, strong counters and rugged soles. The boots, when fitted, should be done over two suitable pairs of socks, making sure there is plenty of room to allow one's feet to spread under the weight of a loaded field pack. There should be ample room in front for the toes to spread naturally and comfortably, but they also should hug the arch and heel snugly for support and to prevent friction. A boot which is loose in the heel will cause slipping which causes blisters, plus it will generally wear out a pair of sock heels within a very short time.

It is suggested that when lacing your boots, it should be done snugly over the first four eyelets and then tied with a square knot. Any eyelets left above this should be laced more loosely. If boots are laced too tightly, circulation may be cut off causing your feet to swell and become cold or numb.

High style boots are very heavy and are rough on the legs and are only recommended to be worn in areas heavily infested with snakes. Just remember, whatever style of boots you choose, make sure that they fit the purpose and not for their looks.

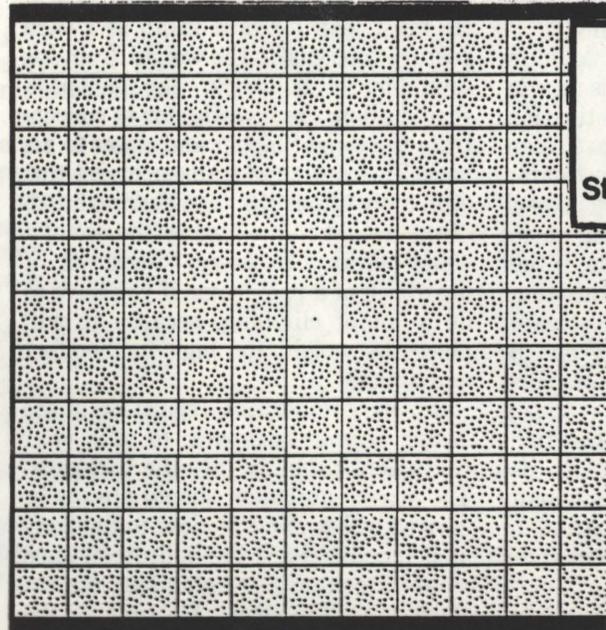
Finally, every field investigator should know some basic first-aid techniques which they may need at some point in time. This is especially true of those who spend a lot of time out in the woods, such as the Bigfoot investigator. Therefore, it is highly recommended that every investigator take a course in basic first-aid.

One's first-aid kit should always conform to the requirements of their needs. Certain individuals, because of their need, may require unusual items which ordinarily would not be included in a standard first-aid kit. For example, a diabetic might need insulin and a supply of syringes for self-injection. All special medications should be clearly labeled. The container should state the dosage and the directions for use, so

that if the individual for whom the medication is intended should become disabled in any way, the drug can be administered correctly by someone else.

I have only discussed just a few important points that are necessary for the investigator to prepare himself before doing field investigations. Naturally there are other points which will be discussed in the future. An investigator cannot go into the field as though he is walking in his backyard wearing casual clothes and carrying a spoon and a plastic bag in his pocket with a camera around his neck. Don't laugh! Some well-known ufologists investigate this way. Why do you think we don't have that hard evidence that is needed? It's a proven fact that most cases are poorly investigated due to the lack of knowledge of proper investigative procedures. This all can be changed if individuals want to investigate properly and are willing to seek out these correct procedures.

The SBI is the place where these proper procedures can be found. If you have any doubts or questions on investigating, send them to the SBI and either I or another experienced SBI investigator will send you an answer. The SBI is your organization, take advantage of its wealth of information. It's the only large organization that WILL HELP YOU. □



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OFF THE WALL
DON'T BE
AFRAID TO
ASK DUMB
QUESTIONS--
THEY'RE
EASIER TO
HANDLE THAN
DUMB MISTAKES

ETL: New Discoveries. New Hope

by: Lindy Whitehurst
State Director of Texas

Ranger, Mariner, Pioneer, Viking, Voyager, and Galileo; all unmanned probes to closely examine planets and moons of our solar system for scientific data and for evidence of life forms in the soils, frozen deposits, and atmospheres. While NASA data banks bulge with uncountable trillions of bits of physical and chemical measurements, total bits of direct evidence of even the most primitive life organisms bottom out at exactly "zero". It has been suggested life creation on the earth was unique; a once-in-a-lifetime, once-in-the-universe experience, and we are alone. Imagine that! The entire universe created just for us. Dr. Carl Sagan of Cornell University protests, "Such chauvinism—the contention that in all this great universe of a hundred billion galaxies and a billion trillion stars, there is no species so wise, so intelligent, so advanced as we." The Rev. Dr. Billy Graham was quoted, "I find it very hard to believe God would have created only one living planet, Earth."

Project scientists and astronomers have begun a momentous search for evidences of life out among the stars, direct and indirect, but the first big break came in the image of a small satellite launched in January, 1983 to hunt comets and map the infrared sky. Infrared radiation is a measure of heat or long-wavelengths, and for the sake of alignment and calibration an oft-used bright star was selected for this preliminary task: Vega, third brightest star in the sky at a distance of 26 light years. Its surrounding regions were found to be emitting more heat than expected, revealing the signature of a solar system. The InfraRed Astronomy Satellite (IRAS) discovered a ring of solid matter about Vega with sizes ranging from buckshot to possibly as large as Jupiter. It is a star in the early stages of evolution, only a billion years old rotating slower than expected; a sign its rotational energy has been imparted to its satellites. It took 4.6 billion years for intelligent life on the earth to arise, so we can't expect by our standards for Vega's planets to harbor life before another few billion years have passed; still it's a start.

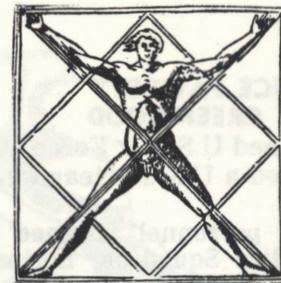
A few months later IRAS found another ring of solid material orbiting the star Fomalhaut in the southern

hemisphere at 23 light years, but in much the same condition as Vega; too young as yet for life. The mere fact that in our very first attempts with IRAS we found solar systems, not in a hundred years of search at great distances but right next door cosmologically. Higher than expected temperatures found about other stars is not a certain indication of planets, as dust given off normally by an aging star can cause confusion. In fact if IRAS were placed about Alpha Centauri, our nearest star neighbor and directed our way it would not show any excess infrared and would not be able to detect our planets; so are the peculiarities of the on-board equipment and lack of proper resolution. Still, the potential now exists for millions of planetary systems in our galaxy just waiting to be discovered. And therein lies a tale.

At Cambridge University's radio telescope facility a new type of star was discovered; many similar since then, which "pulsed" radiation at extremely precise intervals, very regular and powerful. Excitement raged as astronomers believed they had received the first intelligent signals from outside. These peculiar stars were later realized to be rapidly-rotating neutron stars which gave off pulsed radiation upon each revolution; natural not artificial. However the "pulsars" are still catalogued with the "LGM" letter prefix standing for "Little Green Men".

The Planetary Society and its founder Dr. Carl Sagan secured the exclusive use of the Harvard College 26-meter radio telescope for a long-term systematic search for intelligent signals from planets of other stars checking 128,000 adjacent frequencies. Within five years NASA's radio search project will scan 10 million frequencies simultaneously utilizing 64-meter telescopes of the Deep Space Network in California, Spain, and Australia. They will be used for Project SETI (Search for Extra Terrestrial Intelligence) when not tracking the shuttle or unmanned space probes and will be performing more SETI searches in one minute than earlier attempts could have done in 100,000 years. Other searches are being readied in Japan and the Soviet Union.

What kind of stars are likely to have planets? Stars come in all sizes, temperatures, colors, masses, densities, and luminosities; some too large, some too hot or cold. Most are in between and



ordinary like our own sun and constitute 91% of the total, lying in the "main sequence". Stars born in our galaxy's first billion years lack the heavier metal elements needed for carbon-based life and must be eliminated from consideration. Hot bright ones spend too much of their energy burning themselves out before life can arise on any of their planets. Others are too cool despite corresponding long lifetimes; planets with water must lie appropriate distances so water is neither frozen nor boiled away, and it must be large enough to hold in a breatheable atmosphere while not so large as to retain the poisonous gases as Jupiter does. Stars should have stable lifespans of at least 5 billion years for intelligent life. Brighter stars rotate too fast apparently not losing rotational energy to planets, nor having long lives, so must be eliminated. Half of all stars are born in pairs or better with highly elliptical orbits creating the potential to alternately freeze and fry their planets, and unless far apart cause unstable planetary orbits. Some stars are variable and fluctuate a few percent in energy output to cause climatic disaster to any planets.

Orbiting small white dwarf stars habitable planets close enough to receive adequate warmth are vulnerable to deadly bursts of radiation as well as rotational "lock" tending to keep one side of a planet facing toward the sun and the other side constantly away much like our moon points only one face to the earth and mercury is almost in a lock about the sun. Naturally if civilizations survive their own annihilating tendencies, more will be out there chatting with one another, but considering the nearest 1000 stars we are left with 50 most like our own which have a reasonable chance for life as we know it. It is these on which radio astronomers have concentrated their efforts.

Astronomers are refining their celestial mechanics techniques to better predict exact star positions and detect minute wobbles, or perturbations in their paths which may indicate planets whose gravities cause their stars to deviate ever so slightly from a straight line. Sensitive photoelectric detectors,

ETL: cont'd. on pg. 18

By **LAWRENCE FAWCETT**
And **BARRY GREENWOOD**

As stunned U.S. Air Force men watched, a UFO buzzed a U.S. nuclear weapons facility.

Security personnel assigned to the 42nd Security Police Squadron, Loring Air Force Base, Maine, were on duty in the munitions storage area. Nuclear weapons were stored there in igloo-type huts covered with dirt to camouflage them from aircraft. The facility is more than a half mile long, and is surrounded by a 12-foot-high chain-link fence with barbed wire on top.

It is a highly restricted location, guarded day and night by K-9 patrols and manned vehicles.

At 7:45 p.m. on Oct. 27, 1975, Staff Sgt. Danny K. Lewis was on duty when he spotted what he thought was an aircraft flying at low altitude along the northern perimeter of Loring.

Officials could see no markings on the strange craft, and could not identify it as any specific type of known aircraft.

The UFO began to circle, and at one point, came to within 300 yards of the nuclear storage area at an altitude of 150 feet.

The base was brought up to major alert status.

At 8:45 p.m., Sgt. Grover K. Eggleston was on duty at the tower when the call from the Command Post came. He began observing the unknown aircraft, watching it on radar for 40 minutes when, suddenly, it disappeared from the screen. Either the object had landed, or it had dropped below the radar coverage.

No further unusual events occurred throughout that night. The base remained on alert for the rest of the night and into the early morning hours of October 28.

Little did the baffled observers know that this was only the beginning of a series of events that would take place over the next few nights.

The next night, at 7:45, Sgt. Steven Eichner and his B-52 bomber crew were working outside when they spotted a red and orange object resembling a stretched-out football in the air. It hovered in midair as everyone just stared in awe.

As they watched, the object put out its lights and disappeared, but soon reappeared again over the north end of the runway. It stopped and hovered.

UFOs Buzz American Atomic Weapons Base

Eichner and the rest of the crew jumped into a truck and started to drive toward the object. Near the weapons storage area, they spotted the object about 300 feet in front of them. It seemed to be about five feet in the air, and hovered without movement or noise. Exhibiting a reddish-orange color, the object was about four car lengths long.

Eichner described what he saw next: "The object looked like all the colors were blending together, as if you were looking at a desert scene. You see waves of heat rising off the desert floor. This is what I saw. There were these waves in front of the object and all the colors were blending together. The object was solid and we could not hear any noise coming from it."

They could not see any doors, windows, propellers or engines.

Suddenly, the base came alive. Sirens began screaming. Eichner could see numerous blue lights on police vehicles coming down the flight line and runway toward the weapons storage area at high speed.

The scene at the weapons storage area was chaotic, with blue lights rotating around and the vehicles' searchlight beams shining in all directions. The object shut off its lights and disappeared, not to be seen again that night.

The next day an Army National Guard helicopter, piloted by Chief Warrant Officer Bernard Poulin, patrolled the area, ready to track down any returning UFOs — but had no luck.

Incredibly, on the night the base sightings began, two young men had an eerie encounter nearby.

David Stephens, 21, and Glen Gray, 18, were driving in their 1968 Plymouth to kill time. They headed south on Route 26 toward Oxford, Maine. Suddenly, an "un-

known force" wrenched the wheel of the car away from them, they claimed.

According to Stephens, "The car turned automatically. From then on we couldn't control it."

They unwillingly drove to Tripp Lake, Maine. Waiting for them was a huge cigar-shaped UFO with red, green and blue lights on the side. It was about the size of a football field.

They phoned the sheriff, who turned out to be very skeptical of the report when he came out to visit the men. Who could blame him!

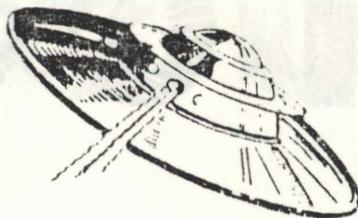
Their strange story came at the very time the Air Force was thrown into a panic by a UFO at Loring Air Force Base, not far away — but before there was any public knowledge of the alert. □

From the forthcoming book **CLEAR INTENT**
by Lawrence Fawcett and Barry Greenwood.
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In June

Watch For CLEAR INTENT

UFOs in Uruguay: Over 200 UFO Sightings Studied



(Translated from an article appearing in: "El Comercio", Lima, Peru, 9 August 1981, by Antonia Huneeus, SBI Foreign Representative.)

A special Commission of the Uruguayan Air Force has gone beyond the picturesque aspect of certain UFO sightings in order to approach the matter in a more scientific light. The following article presents an analysis and subsequent conclusions of some incidents.

MONTEVIDEO—Hoaxes, psychological illusions, conventional and unconventional phenomena were four parameters used by the Uruguayan Air Force during the past decades to study unidentified flying objects (UFOs) in Uruguay.

A specialized commission from this branch of the military, including civilian investigators, recently released a detailed statistical report of UFO incidents studied over the past twenty-five years; a period in which over two hundred sightings were reported.

FOR THE TIME BEING, ANALYSIS AND CLASSIFICATION ONLY.

The sheer number of sightings was considered significant for Uruguay; a country of 176,215 sq. kilometers (108,774.7 sq. mi.), and a population of some three million inhabitants. The commission was careful not to state any opinion regarding the existence of UFOs, but rather to ONLY analyze and classify the cases.

A declaration of the commission stated that the UFO phenomena in Uruguay has steadily increased with each passing decade. The larger number of sightings occurring during the months of July and October. Statistically, April seems to be the least popular for these strange 'visits'.

SOME STATISTICS

80% of the reported sightings take place between the hours of 8 p.m. and 5 a.m. This obviously relates to the ease of spotting something luminous against the night sky.

43% indicate sightings of luminous 'spots'; 40% are listed as luminous 'shapes'; and only 1% fall into the CEIII category (close encounters of the 3rd kind).

50% of the sightings were reported by only one witness; 25% had two witnesses; 14% had between three and four; and 11% had over four witnesses.

This last figure was considered significant since the majority of the sightings occurred in heavily populated urban areas under clear atmospheric conditions.

FOUR SPECIFIC CASES

While citing general statistical data during recent press conferences, the investigators disclosed conclusions reached on four specific cases.

April, 1980; In the 33 Department (province), some three hundred kilometers (185.2 mi.) north of the capital, a lady and young man attested to witnessing a 'close encounter of the 3rd kind'.

The couple was shocked to see 'small beings, some 40 cm. (15.6 in.) tall, dancing around and making a buzzing noise'. According to a newspaper account at the time, the witnesses were not able to describe the rhythm of the 'music' they heard.

The commission demolished the rather picturesque aspects of this report, since they determined there were 'clear' indications that the incident was actually an electrical phenomenon known as St. Elmo's fire.

Although researchers determined that there was a 76% chance that the sighting was attributable to this phenomenon, they discarded the possibility of hoax or psychologically prompted.

The investigators also described details of a phenomenon sighted both in Uruguay and in neighboring Argentina on June 14, 1980, by numerous witnesses.

A luminous, ring-shaped object was sighted on this particular occasion, yet the commission claimed that it had been caused by deviations from a U.S. scientific experiment. (A fact later confirmed by institutions in that country.)

Another sighting of a similar nature some two months later made by personnel in the control tower at Carrasco International Airport (the country's largest) when they observed two 'silvery objects' flying over Rio de la Plata. Fighters scrambled immediately revealed the 'UFOs' were nothing more than nylon threads of huge proportions reflecting sunlight, thus creating an op-

tical illusion.

The fourth event described by the commission occurred on October 30, 1980 at a site in the province of Rivera near the Brazilian border, 520 km (320.9 mi.) from Montevideo.

At 10 p.m., a married couple, and the principal of a local school observed a luminous form rise from the ground and advance, surrounded by 'sparks'. The couple went outside their home and watched as the 'form' advanced, making a 'powerful' sound and emitting 'sparks'. Suddenly they found themselves enveloped in a rush of 'hot' air that forced them, abruptly, into the interior of their house, and sprawling to the floor.

The principal of the school, on the other hand, reported that simultaneously all the lights at the school went out for no apparent reason, only to re-light after several minutes.

The principal of the school, on the other hand, reported that simultaneously all the lights at the school went out for no apparent reason, only to re-light after several minutes.

According to the commission this case left many 'obscure points', and since the possibility of hoax or psychological motivation were ruled out, this left only 'astronomical' or 'atmospheric' phenomena plausible.

While speculating the possibility of witnessing a 'globular ray', the commission conceded the matter highly unlikely. Therefore, the occurrence rated a 79.5% probability of being an actual UFO; though cases of this type were classed as 'phenomena of unconventional nature'.

MORE INCIDENTS ANALYZED

Only four cases were examined during the press conference. Yet, it is clear that the commission had analyzed one hundred-twenty-two similar incidents. Eighty-seven of which occurred prior to the establishment of the commission some twenty-five years ago.

While the commission rigorously tries to scientifically clear up this mystery, the Uruguayans seize each opportunity to debate the issue; divided between those who believe in the existence of the elusive 'OVNI', and those who would remain died-in-the-wool skeptics. □

PHOTOGRAPH

by Terrance F. Crooker

Almost everyone who has had an interest in U.F.O.'s has seen photographs which are claimed to be "the real thing". Every day this list of supposedly real or authentic photos grows and grows. The question that just about everybody asks is; "are any of these photos real?" The answer is that no one can really tell for sure. Many photos are proven to be faked (either on purpose or by accident), others are analyzed and computer enhanced, and the experts can say weather or not something physical is shown in the photo. Even the experts cannot say for sure what this physical something is.

So, with all the fakes and hoaxes that are perpetrated by people looking for attention, fame, money, what is the serious, honest U.F.O. researcher to do when he or she is shown a photo by someone who claims that it shows a real U.F.O.? One thing that you should do is to ask if you can have or borrow the photo (either the print or slide), and if possible the original negative or slide. It is much easier to tell if something is fake from the original negative or slide than from copies or duplicates.

You think that it is hard to fake a U.F.O. photo, well its not, it is really quite easy. In fact all of the photos accompanying this article are FAKE. I made them all myself one day with very little equipment. Almost any camera and film combination could be used to fake U.F.O. photographs.

①



Photo ① is just a shot of the sky in which I had my wife toss an ordinary paper plate into the view of the camera as I tripped the camera's shutter. The result, a U.F.O. flying across a cloudy sky in broad daylight.

PHY & UFO'S

②



Photo ② is a multiable exposure of an ordinary flash light that was turned on and off in a dark room, while I held the shutter open.

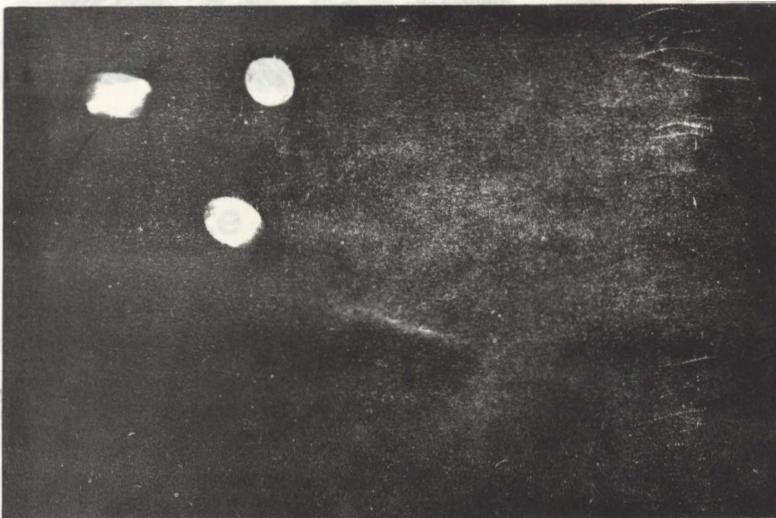
③



Photo ③ is the paper plate again. This time the angle that it was tossed into the sky causes it to reflect very little sunlight to the camera lens, the result, a dark U.F.O. hovering in the sky.

(continued next page)

4

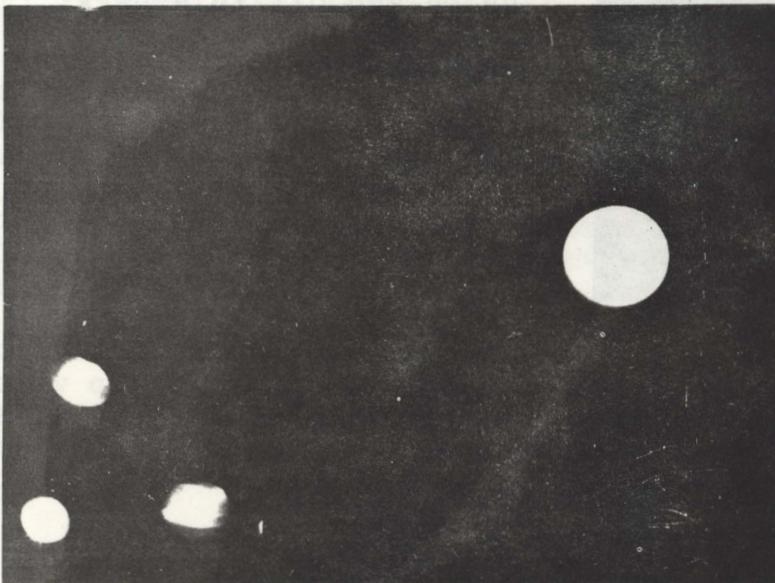


Photograph 4 is a flashlight held two to three feet away from the camera lens.

The shutter was then held open and the flashlight was then moved to the next position, and the procedure was repeated and so on.

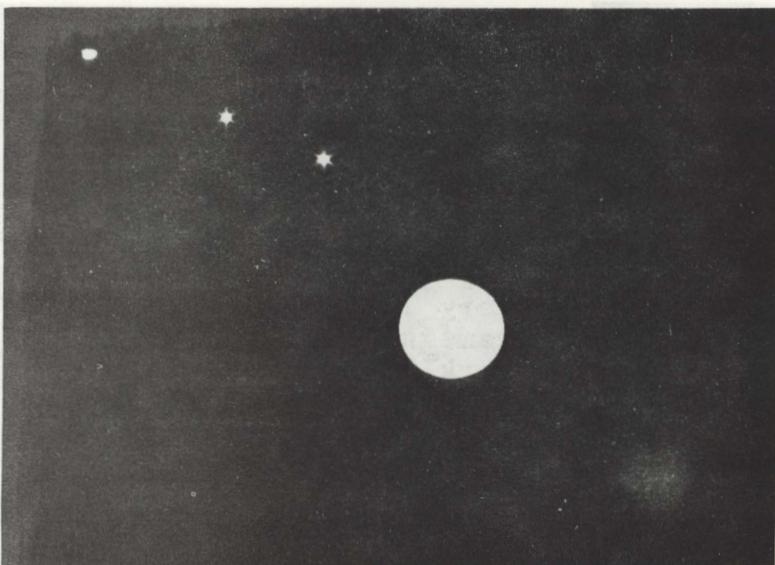
I stopped with three, but you could easily make it appear as if the whole sky was filled with U.F.O.'s.

5



Photos 5 & 6 are combinations of photo 2 & 4, and a shot of the moon. These two photos were created in the darkroom by sandwiching the negatives of the flashlight and a negative I had of the moon together, and making a print. The result are photos of U.F.O.'s that appear to be flying to or from the moon.

6



With some practice & good imagination you can produce great photos of UFO 'fakes'. However, teaching you how to make FAKE UFO photos is not the purpose of this article. I would hope that none of you decide to make photos such as these, & claim that they are real. There has been, & still is, too much of that going on, & they are hindering ufologists in finding out what UFOs really are. □

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The following are reports received by the Center and then distributed to UFO groups for possible investigation. The SBI has investigated some of these reports (indicated by a letter) and include our conclusions at the end of these reports. Names of witnesses are on file either with the Center or the SBI and will not be released without permission.



Reports Of UFOs

by: Robert Gribble
Director of the UFO Reporting Center
Seattle, Washington

Nov. 19, 1983 — 8:55 PM — Tompkins Cove, New York: A square-shaped object — estimated to be 40 feet across and showing four brilliant white lights — was observed in a stationary position over high voltage electric transmission lines. The three witnesses were riding in a car and reported that the object followed their vehicle and approached to within 200 feet of their car. The witnesses fled to a neighbor's house and observed the object until it moved away. From inside the house they could hear a humming sound. They had the object under observation for about six minutes. (A)

Dec. 12, 1983 — 9 PM — Near Cedarburg, Wisconsin: A car with a mother and two young children had just exited from the northbound ramp on I-43 when they noticed a brilliant white light descending from the sky and approaching their vehicle. As the light got closer the driver stopped the car and got out for a better look. The light stopped when it was directly overhead at an estimated altitude of 200 feet. At that point the driver observed a huge object as large as four jet aircraft and shaped like a cooking wok. Lighted openings were observed on what was described as the front end of the craft. The witness heard no sound as the craft hovered overhead for approximately six minutes. As the craft departed from the area all of the windows on her car fogged up.

Dec. 20, 1983 — 5:30 P.M. — Riverside, California: A small sphere — estimated to be six-to-eight inches in diameter and having pegs protruding from the surface — approached to within 20 feet of a car at windshield level. Constantly pulsating from red to silver, the bright ball maneuvered in front of the car for about 45 seconds before moving away. According to the driver, other cars were nearby and should have seen the object.

Dec. 26, 1983 — 9:33 P.M. — Omaha, Nebraska: Several witnesses observed a square object descend between two buildings and stop at about the second story level. Estimated to be about 30 feet across the object had an X-pattern of white lights on its underside. After viewing the object for several seconds at a distance estimated to be 500 feet, the object ascended at an angle and moved out of sight. No sound was heard.

Dec. 27, 1983 — 10:30 P.M. — Indianapolis, Indiana: A small disc-shaped object with eight bright green lights descended from the sky and landed in an open field across the street from the home of the witness. After observing the object on the ground for about ten seconds the bright lights suddenly went out and the disc was no longer visible. Hoping to see the disc take off the woman continued to observe the object on the ground for about ten seconds the bright lights suddenly went out and the disc was no longer visible. Hoping to see the disc take off the woman continued to observe the area for an hour before retiring for the night. A second report was received from a woman driving in the same area during the same time period. She observed a fixed group of bright green lights descending from the sky and appear to land in a corn field.

Jan. 4, 1984 — 10:40 PM — Crescent, Iowa: For about 60 seconds a stunned witness observed a bright light with a red glint make an angular high speed descent from high altitude and come to an instant stop. The light then shot across the sky at high speed making several 90-degree turns and then making another instant stop. Then the light went into a high speed vertical climb and faded into the clear night sky.

Jan. 7, 1984 — 3:45 AM — Near Edenton, North Carolina: A father and his 15-year-old son watched in amaze-

ment as a meteor-like object maneuvered at high altitude and high speed making several 90-degree turns, loop-to-loops, up and down movements like the line pattern on an oscilloscope, instant reverse of direction and, instant stops and starts. The aerial display continued for 50 minutes against a clear sky.

Jan. 8, 1984 — Night — Framingham, Massachusetts: A narrow shaft of green light — beamed through a bedroom window — was aimed into the right eye of the witness. The man said he could feel heat and pain in the eye at the time. During the estimated five minutes duration of his experience he said he could hear a whirring sound and noticed the faint outline of a "being" outside the window, then everything suddenly vanished. His wife said she examined his right eye and that it was "all bloodshot" and that the left eye was very normal.

Jan. 9, 1984 — 6:30 AM — Near Capron, Indiana: While driving his truck down a country road the witness observed a large meteor-like object in a high speed vertical descent to the left of his vehicle. He lost sight of the object for a few seconds at tree level. Suddenly an object covered with white lights appeared at treetop level on the left side of his vehicle, maneuvered around behind the truck, then passed the truck on the right side and moved down the highway and out of sight. The driver described the object as looking like a football turned up on end, metallic-grey in color, about 150 feet tall and moving about 50 feet off the ground and about 100 feet from his vehicle. He could detect no sound and observed the object for about one minute.

Jan. 9, 1984 — 8 PM — About 15 miles north of Mojave, California: A Volkswagen camper drove under a submarine-shaped object while driving south of U.S. Highway 395. The driver and front seat passenger said the object

had several red lights on the bottom, appeared to be stationary over the roadway at an altitude of about 100 feet and, then it had a diameter about twice as wide as the highway. The driver stopped the camper on the shoulder of the highway and the four passengers got out to watch the object as it moved away to the north. They could hear no sound. Later when they stopped for gas they talked to several people in four other cars who said they had also seen the object. We received two additional reports from witnesses who saw the object from two different vantage points.

Jan. 9, 1984 — 10:30 PM — Hawthorne, New Jersey: While driving on Route 208 West the driver and passenger observed a strange object with lights descending and moving away from their car. After driving another 300 feet they spotted another object directly over the roadway and shaped like an inverted parabolic radar antenna. The car passed directly under the object which was moving slowly at an estimated altitude of 200 feet. When the driver moved the car to the side of the road and stopped the object increased speed and moved away toward the first object which was about a mile away. He estimated the object to be about 75 feet in diameter and he said he could hear no sound coming from it. The duration of the incident was about five minutes. (B)

Jan. 21 — 9:30 PM — Near Jasper, New York: While driving home to Eidson, a mother and two children watched in amazement as an enormous gold, oval-shaped object appeared to pace their car. As they watched the object appeared to land on a nearby ridge and after a few seconds it ascended into the sky. The mother said the object repeated this maneuver several times and when she increased and decreased the speed of the car the object did the same. At one time the object moved across the sky then returned to the area near her car. (C)

Jan. 22, 1984 — 7:20 AM — 30 miles east of Toledo, Ohio: The cabin crew of United Airlines flight 729, flying westbound at 43,000 feet, observed a blurry bright red object about the size of a DC-9 airliner move from northeast to southwest. The object, which was in view for only a few seconds, left a contrail which the airliner passed through.

Jan. 22, 1984 — 7 PM — Near Waycross, Georgia: While parked in a wooded area a young couple spotted a large object approaching their car at treetop

level. The object crossed the logging road near their car, went across an open area to a stand of trees, then turned end-for-end. At this point the driver put the car in gear and started down the road at a high rate of speed. Then the object made its way back toward the road and took a position directly over the car at very low altitude. The object had an L-shaped light pattern on the underside with two brilliant red lights and one green light. The glow from the red lights lit up the inside of the car and both occupants became hysterical. When the car reached the county road the driver turned left and the object turned right. Then the object swung around and moved in behind the car and followed the fleeing vehicle for about 75 feet, turned left, and moved away at a high rate of speed. The sheriff's office received several calls about a strange lighted object in the area that night.

Jan. 22, 1984 — 7 PM — Arnold, Missouri: Two occupants of a car observed a circular object with three brilliant white lights and a corona of white light covering its entire surface. As the object approached the car the driver made a 180 degree evasive turn only to have the object pull alongside and pace his vehicle. After about three minutes the object pulled away and left the area. The driver estimated that the object got to within 150 feet of the car, maintained an altitude of about 150 feet and was at least 25 feet in diameter. A vertical shaft of white light was also observed coming from the top of the object. After arriving home the two witnesses observed three helicopters moving about in the area where the object was seen.

Jan. 22, 1984 — 7:09 AM — Huntington, West Virginia: On the way outdoors to start his car the witness observed a large brilliant ball of orange light in a stationary position about 900 feet about the neighbor's house. The glow from the ball illuminated the entire ground area. After watching the object for about a minute it suddenly moved to the west at a high rate of speed. He detected no sound coming from the object.

Jan. 27, 1984 — 5:40 AM — Valley Center, California: Four witnesses observed five large, brilliant, stationary white lights in the northern sky. Four of the lights were in a diamond formation with the fifth light in the center of the formation. After watching the display for several minutes they noticed smaller white lights maneuvering

around the large lights. The small lights increased in number to a total of about 100 within a few minutes. Suddenly the formation moved away to the northwest and was accompanied by the small lights. As the formation started to move the witnesses detected a soft humming sound. When first sighted the lights were estimated to be two miles distant. The observation lasted for about eight minutes.

Jan. 27, 1984 — 6:15 AM — King of Prussia, Pennsylvania: Two young boys delivering papers observed a big circular object with lights around the edge hovering over houses about two blocks distant. They watched the object for several seconds, then it ascended into the sky at about a 45 degree angle. The boys did not detect any sound. (D)

Jan. 28, 1984 — 6:30 PM — Flemington, New Jersey: A young couple sighted an orange ball descending through the cloud layer and appeared to land on a ridge behind the tree line. Twenty minutes later the husband observed a big, bright object ascending vertically from the same ridge, pause in mid-air, then move horizontally and disappear in the distance. The object that descended appeared to be as big as a hot air balloon. (The SBI received 103 calls from a 15 county area describing the descent of a glowing object over New Jersey.) (E)

Jan. 30, 1984 — 9 PM — 40 miles west of Miami, Florida: Nine men working on an oil platform observed a bright orange object descending from the sky at a high rate of speed. When at an estimated altitude of 10,000 feet and about five miles distant the object came to an instant stop. The bright orange glow faded and the crew observed an object with a bright chrome dome-shaped top and dozens of flashing lights on the underside. All witnesses agreed that the object was huge; no less than 200 feet in diameter. After remaining stationary for about ten seconds the object turned a bright orange and instantly moved away to the east at a high rate of speed. The total observation time was about one minute. (A witness at Jensen Beach, about 100 miles northeast of the oil platform, observed the object dropping from the sky in a high speed vertical descent. Two witnesses in the Miami area also saw the object; one while the object was stationary west of Miami and the other while the object was moving to the east.)

Feb. 7, 1984 — 4 AM — Atco, New Jersey: The witness awoke to a loud humming sound and found his room il-

HOW TO BREAK INTO OTHER WORLDS

by Roy Davis

Your world and all that you behold is the product of your belief. Other men and women of the same belief share your world. Thus your world is held together because of your agreement that it is real.

Now look about you. See the various levels of human expression. We see people who are poor and needy, others who are rich with the world's blessings. Some who constantly fail, others who always succeed, and without apparent effort. Is there a reason, an explanation?

Science confirms the fact that we live in a world of energy, solidified by our thoughts. It is error to believe that this present world (earth) is the only one in existence, or that this present dimension is the only one. And though most of us agree that this is true intellectually, we have few concrete facts to support our ideas of the other dimensions and worlds. The purpose of this article is to give you practical methods and ideas, which may be the means for you to "break through" as it were, into newer levels of awareness and reality.

That which I can sense is real. This is understood. Whatever I can sense, and feel, is real to me. Anything else although real to another, is not real to me unless I sense it. Therefore what I sense composes my world of reality.

Let us see if it is possible to sense worlds other than this one. Let us see if we can move into new levels of reality. I know from experience thus far, that if one will practice trying to do so, the vision will open into worlds undreamed of and which will be found to be just as solidly real as this one. I believe there are worlds within worlds, separated by time continuums and space continuums.

It seems the only thing keeping us, generally speaking, from viewing these other worlds at will, is our mass agreement, as to the reality of this dimension. Therefore I say, that lack of proper use of imagination keeps man in bondage. Evidence to this is the usual reaction to the question, "Imagine yourself as a different person in a different environment for the sake of experimentation."

The usual reaction will be an attempt by the person asked to either defend the present beliefs and agreements, or a fear to try the experiment, as they are afraid to be other than what they are, even if what and where they are at the moment is by their own admission, undesirable.

But for the brave of heart, here are some exercises to assist in moving from world to world, or from reality. Realize that basically our world is as it is to us because we have been conditioned into believing it, and because of our lack of conscious experience of anything otherwise.

(1) A simple exercise to change one's viewpoint about life. Our state of consciousness is determined by our feeling, and our breathing tempo. Try this. Whenever you are moody, or in a state

of mental and emotional dryness, just observe your breathing tempo. Watch the rhythm, then gently alter it a bit. A little deeper, or a little more shallow than what it has been. In less than five minutes you will find a complete change in outlook and feeling. Try it!

The only thing which will prevent the change is the refusal to try the method. And the reason one might refuse goes back to paragraph one and man's refusal to be other than he is.

(2) Here is a method for breaking your agreement about this world. At night when you retire, relax on your back, and with the attention at the point between the eyebrows gently observe the "going to sleep" process. Do it passively. A time will come when you will find yourself performing what is termed, conscious sleep. You will then be able to create dreams at will, move in and out of them at will. When you can do this, you can then learn to do the same with this dimension which is a dream world to those of awakened imagination and vision.

(3) Practice during waking hours various methods of breaking agreement with present reality. When walking down the street, at times practice seeing through buses, cars, buildings. Practice looking into and through paintings, pictures, and people. One day the veil will drop and a whole new world will come into view.

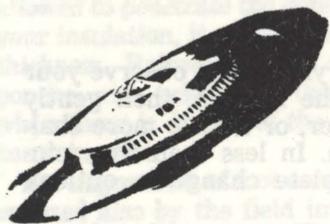
The main reason for realizing that this world is but one of many, is to enable men and women to learn that their world is largely what they make it by their own imagination and feeling.

I believe other dimensions explain much about UFOs, and the reason why many are seen to literally disappear from time to time. They are "solid" while in our dimension, and just as "solid" out of our dimension, but being a different time continuum, then out of our sense area as it were. But none the less real. Also certainly not "gods" or "supermen" just because they happen to spring into view occasionally. The greatest strides will not be made "out there," but within the individual.

As far as life on other planets as we know it in our dimension, why not? Also some of the visitors from other planets to this one, may be localized in space, say at Mars, Venus, etc., but perhaps in a different dimension. Persons could just as well come from Mars for instance, and yet when we get there via space ships, we may find nothing. It doesn't mean the inhabitants are underground, but in other dimensions. Get the idea? Just as there are worlds within worlds here, also the same is true there, speaking on points in space.

Moving from dimension to dimension isn't a power, it's a knack. It demonstrates ability, but not great intelligence or growth. You and I are potentially just as great, right where we are, as anyone from another planet or dimension. We are large or small according to our own assumptions. □

THE REAL ISSUES IN THE U.F.O. FIELD



by Allen H. Greenfield

It is important to realize that there are *no reasons of substance* to accept the theory that ufos are 'spaceships' from a planet other than our own. UFOs are seen on or near the Earth, and are associated with certain "otherworldly" alleged creatures. Such creatures, however, are very much like, if not identical with, classical manifestations associated with worldwide fairy folklore, which has been evaluated in terms quite other than those of "extraterrestrial visitations." It is quite true that much orthodox scientific thinking in recent decades has tended towards a belief in the reality of life on other planets, but it is also true that the *possibility* of such life does not in any way indicate that ufos are, in fact, associated with such hypothetical extraterrestrial beings. In point of fact, there is also a sound, perfectly orthodox scientific basis for theorizing that other dimensional structures (alternate reality frames) exist. One could as well link ufos to this theory as to the theory of extraterrestrial intelligent life forms.

The ufo phenomenon, observed as a *phenomenon*, is actually suggestive of the type of archetypal and paranormal events and concepts to be found within the frameworks of Jungian psychology and in parapsychological research. The manifestations of the ufo phenomenon appear to be far more *malleable* than much of the literature on ufos generally available suggests. There appears to be a *subjective factor* at or very near the very heart of the ufo mystery. This subjective factor can lead one into a radical theoretical framework, known as the *subjective theory*, which views the ufo problem from a differing perspective.

A certain element in official ufology circles exhibits a degree of sophistication about the ufo problem that goes well beyond that of their group. J. Allen Hynek and Jacques Vallee, both professional scientists, fall into this category.

Nevertheless, they still are highly limited by their frame of reference which, it would seem, transcends mere intellectual opinion and extends to their entire socio-cultural perspective and lifestyles. Thus, their very *questions* are, as it were,

fitted with blinders. The search for truth is, in them, limited both by their conservative expectation and, perhaps, by fear of being too much at odds with their cultural and professional peers. The nature of the ufo mystery necessitates bold, even radical patterns of thought.

Because there are subjective and psychological factors involved, it is my own contention that *an understanding of the ufo problem* itself can be arrived at by *an understanding of the people vitally involved with that problem*. In circular but rather direct fashion, therefore, *the nature of the ufologists becomes an important clue to the nature of ufos*.

Several examples suggestive of this premise appeared recently in the pages of *UFOlogy Notebook*, thanks to Curt Sutherly and Gene Steinberg, two primary leaders of middle ufology. ITEM: Red, white and blue ufos appear in January, 1976—the U.S. Bicentennial Year. ITEM: Immediately following upon an article in a local paper concerning the classic airship cases of the 1890s, the Lebanon Valley of Pennsylvania became the scene of a ufo wave which *included airship reports*, atypical of the recent past but highly suggestive of the cases of 1896-97. ITEM: A *hoaxed* ufo report made to local police in New Jersey in 1965 was rapidly followed by a number of *legitimate* reports of the *same object* in the *same locale*. This, in fact, may have given rise to one of the classical ufo waves.

These and other data-bits are suggestive of a highly interesting subjective aspect involved with the ufo phenomenon. This aspect has to date been given very little attention in the public presentations of the major ufo organizations. This points up the dangers inherent in a relatively small and rather closed circle of people with a respectability fetish monopolising public attention on ufos. They have reached this position through their admitted talents as organizers and through being well-connected, as well as because for many years they went argely unopposed. But organizing talent and university connections are no measure of actual creativity or intelligence. □

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SBI UFO SYMPOSIUM

The SBI-1984 Annual Symposium will be held in New York City in either September or October. A committee selected for this event include Lou Perrone, Elizabeth Christie, Eleanor Golden & Antonio Huneeus, headed by Peter Robbins, chairman for the committee. At present negotiations are underway for three possible locations to hold the annual symposium. Fliers will be mailed to all our readers very soon as to the exact dates, times & place for this event along with advanced reservation information.

ODDS & ENDS

By LARRY SUTTON

The Greenhouse Effect

Break out the sun tan lotion and head for the Hudson River. There should be a hot time in the old town someday soon, at least according to experts at the federal Environmental Protection Agency.

Well, maybe not so soon. More like the year 2100. But there's no reason New Yorkers can't get a jump on the future.

A general warming of the earth's atmosphere will take place over the next few decades, according to an EPA report released yesterday. It's due to something called the "greenhouse effect," which occurs when carbon dioxide in the atmosphere lets in the sunlight but prevents a lot of the heat radiation from escaping back into space.

As a result, said EPA strategic studies director John Hoffman, "New York City could have a climate like Daytona Beach, Fla., by 2100."

New Yorkers were delighted with the news. Down in Daytona they were a little wary.

"The same report says we're going to be under water by the year 2100," said Alex Bray, executive vice president of the Daytona Beach Chamber of Commerce. "It doesn't sound very good to us."

DESPITE HIS fears, Bray was kind enough to give his view of what to expect when the thermometer hits 90 degrees in the middle of January.

"Get ready for a lot of unexpected weekend visitors," he said. "You'll find that you have more friends you never heard of than ever before."

A spokesman for Sanitation Commissioner Norman Steisel said the agency had no plans to immediately sell the city's snow plows, although he said the Sanitation Department might form a committee to study the idea.

And other city officials said they would not be averse to transferring the Daytona 500 auto race to New York—but only after Daytona's speedway is submerged by the rising Atlantic Ocean.

Space travel will be routine by year 2000

THE age when space travel becomes as routine as boarding an airplane is less than 20 years away, according to one of the nation's leading aircraft manufacturers.

Paul Czysz of McDonnell-Douglas predicts that by the year 2000, so-called trans-atmospheric vehicles (TAV's) will take off from earth, propel themselves into high-altitude, suborbital flight, and then return to earth. Czysz claims the craft will be able to fly anywhere in the world in less than two hours.

A BALL of lightning roared through the passenger lounge of a Soviet airliner and "flew above the heads of the stunned passengers" then disappeared out the tail section, the Soviet news agency Tass said Friday in Moscow. No one was injured in the incident, but radar and other equipment aboard the plane was damaged by the "visiting fireball," which left two holes in the plane, Tass said.

1 in 4 have had 'out-of-body' experiences

ALMOST 25 percent of American adults say they have gone through the mysterious experience of leaving their bodies, according to a shocking new study.

Dr. Harvey Austrin, a psychologist at St. Louis University asked 200 adults: "Have you ever had an experience in which you felt that you were located outside of or away from your physical body?"

A surprising 23 percent admitted that they have had at least one out-of-body experience.

Four out of 10 who make the startling claim say that they were able to gain information about an unknown place or event.

Nine percent even say that when they traveled to another place, other people saw them and can confirm they were there.

When asked what circumstances they were under when they had their experiences, 49 percent said during prayer, meditation or relaxation; 33 percent said during an illness; 22 percent said while under the influence of drugs; nine percent said during hypnosis; and 22 percent said during other situations.

To see whether people with out-of-body experiences simply have overactive imaginations, Dr. Austrin compared them with people reporting no such experiences.

PEOPLE WHO'VE SEEN THE LIGHTS

□ **ANDREW GRIMES** reviews a new book by Jenny Randles, *The Pennine UFO Mystery*

ORANGE balls over Blackpool. Green balls over Buxton. Yellow balls over Uppermill. White balls over Derbyshire. The sky, it seems, is full of flying balls of every hue, huge, menacing and mysterious.

Jenny Randles' book, *The Pennine UFO Mystery* (Granada £1.50) is full of these flying balls and other phenomena.

Miss Randles is a dab hand at chronicling such sights, this being her fourth contribution to the UFO genre.

But her new book marks a change in attitude and objectivity. It opens on, and repeatedly returns to, the sad death of Mr Zigmund Adamaki, Yorkshire miner of 56, who, 25 miles from his home, and five days after he had inexplicably disappeared, was found on a pile of coal with a slight burn on his head, neck and shoulders.

DISEASE

Mr Adamaki was an ordinary working man with a lung deformity and arterial heart disease, troubled by the NCB's reluctance to grant him early retirement.

He set off to buy potatoes from his home

near Wakefield. He never returned, but was found wearing jacket, shoes, trousers, but no shirt, on a coal heap close to Todmorden railway station. It was established that he had been dead eight hours. The pathologist thought that the burn, which appeared to have been treated with a kind of ointment, was too slight to have killed him. Death was from natural causes; but because of the time lag before he was found dead in a very strange place the inquest jury returned an open verdict.

PURSUIT

Miss Randles proceeds from this mystery to discuss a series of incredible, uncorroborated mishaps that some people claim to have befallen them elsewhere. "The connection may be entirely spurious," she comments, but only several pages after she has planted in the mind the possibility that the luckless Zigmund was dropped on that coal stack from a great height.

When Miss Randles abandons setting up and pursuing pseudo clues, she can be interesting. She is good on the case of Pc

Alan Godrey who, while in pursuit of straying cattle in Todmorden on a November morning three years ago, believes he drove up to a windowed dome, 20ft across, 14ft high, and hovering five feet above the road. The object disappeared before he could finish sketching it.

Subsequently, he was regressed by two hypnotherapists — assigned to this task by Miss Randles' team — and under hypnosis described being transported inside the dome and examined against his will by a bearded, skullcapped man, assailed by robotic pygmies.

One suspects that Pc Godrey, a healthy young man suffering from no psychosis, was the victim of a waking hallucination, brought on perhaps by exhaustion, of a sort many have experienced. The clincher, for me is an unpleasant detail he added to his description of the dome's interior. There were not only repugnant midgets in there; there was also a horrible black dog. It is impossible to envision an extra-terrestrial civilisation travelling the cosmos with black dogs, but no bed dream would be complete without at least one snarling brute, snapping at one's pinioned ankles.



Director's Report ... cont'd.

Ramon E. Yazlle (Foreign Rep.-Argentina); Ron Schaffner (Acting State Director-Ohio); Lorraine Rab (Invest.-NYC); Fred Bobb (Invest./Artist-NY); and Carol Urico (Invest.-CA). Special thanks to all those who renewed their membership and to Thomas Van Anandel (Chief Invest.-Australia) for his generous donation and to Helen Wheels (Subscriber-NYC) who recently allowed the SBI to investigate/document her UFO encounter, probe her subconscious by use of hypnosis, and submit to numerous polygraph tests. (Results of this investigation shall be made known soon.) □

UFO Reports-cont'd. from pg. 14

The ball, moving at about head level, approached to within one foot of the car and illuminated the hood and windows. No sound was heard and the duration of the incident was about one minute.

March 28, 1984 — 8 PM — West Nottingham, New Hampshire: What appeared to be a triangular-shaped object luminated by a bright light. He got out of bed and went to the window and saw a bright white circular object with a hump on top in a stationary position about four feet above his neighbor's yard. He estimated that the object was about 200 feet from him and the size of a small car. He saw an image like a man next to the object. The image vanished and the object ascended in a zig-zag pattern then moved away at a high rate of speed. The witness felt he observed the object for no more than ten seconds. He checked with neighbors and they said they didn't see or hear anything. (F)

Feb. 19, 1984 — 3:30 AM — Everette, Washington: While driving near the Boeing 747 airliner plant, the witness observed a silvery-green, egg-shaped object moving toward his car from a wooded area. Described as being a little bit bigger than a softball and a little bit smaller than a soccer ball, the object bounced from one side of the roadway to the opposite side in front of the car. The object passed over the front fender of the car and then moved out of sight after being observed for four-to-six seconds.

Feb. 23, 1984 — 10 PM — Whitmore Lake, Michigan: A huge circular object with white lights covering the underside passed directly over a car at a very low altitude. The only occupant of the car described the object as being wider than the roadway and giving off a humming sound. After observing the object

for about seven minutes it moved out of sight. (G)

March 11, 1984 — 12:04 AM — Wolcott, Connecticut: A mother and daughter — looking out the family room window — observed a big cylindrical-shaped object about seven feet from the ground and four feet from the window. The object remained in the same spot for about seven minutes then moved away. No sound was heard. (H)

March 25, 1984 — 8:55 PM — Santa Monica, California: A motorist reported that a bright ball of red light—about ten inches in diameter—maneuvered around her car with a bouncing motion. passed over a car at an altitude of about 50 feet. The object had two bright lights like car headlights and gave off no sound. (I)

- (A) Presently under investigation.
- (B) Misidentification of conventional aircraft.
- (C) Presently under investigation.
- (D) Exaggerated account of a police helicopter searching area for a burglar.
- (E) Meteorite: confirmed by Franklin Institute (PA); thoroughly investigated by New Jersey State Director Elizabeth Christie, and Field Investigators Richard De Taranto and John Stewart.
- (F) Unknown CE I (no physical traces).
- (G) Presently under investigation. □

ETL: cont'd. from pg. 7

spectrometers, and interferometers are replacing the photographic plate to better detect wobbles a hundredfold. Using fiber optics, new Multichannel Astrometric Photometers can pinpoint a star's position to within a millionth of a degree while an Infrared Speckle Interferometer appears to show a computer-enhanced radio image of the star T Tauri and its infrared companion which may indicate a planet being born 450 light years from earth. Nearby Barnard's star has long been suspected of wobbling with two unseen planets larger than Jupiter.

The science of astrometry will realize its full potential when the space shuttle carries up new instruments such as the Coherent Optical System of Modular Imaging Collectors (COSMIC) to measure nearby stars for earth-size planets and the Shuttle Infrared Telescope Facility (SIRTF) to increase the range of similar IRAS equipment by 10 to 30 times. Astrometric telescopes measuring stars' perturbations and advanced spectrographs measuring Doppler shifts to determine changes in radial velocities indicating planets are signalling

a new direction for space-based astronomy. 1986 will see the Space Telescope placed into orbit by the shuttle; clearly the most magnificent optical instrument ever conceived, it will probe seven times deeper into space, detect objects 50 times fainter, view a volume of space 350 times larger than astronomers on earth, and with ten times more resolution and the capability of electrically photographing Jupiter-sized planets among the ten nearest stars.

In a time when precise measurement in astronomy in both ground and orbital systems has approached the status of a new "art form", and with the recent revelations of the IRAS satellite, the future discovery of earthlike planets or even intelligent signals may come as a surprise to absolutely no one.

REFERENCES: Astronomy - August, 1974; Astronomy - March, 1976; Astronomy - September, 1977; Astronomy - January, 1979; Astronomy - December, 1981; Astronomy - March, 1984; Discover - March, 1983; Science Digest - January, 1984; Science Digest - July, 1983; XL - January, 1984; National Enquirer - November 30, 1976; Newsweek - August 22, 1983; Dallas Times Herald - December 18, 1983. □

Awards Program

The following members each receive a GIFT CERTIFICATE, valued at \$15.00, (used at renewal time towards annual dues: 1-yr. free membership for being the first member to enroll a new member into the SBI in each of the 3-months below:

MARCH: ALICIA GRUEN (CA.);

APRIL: JOHN LA ROCCA (MI);

MAY: RONALD FRANK (NY).

The SBI congratulates these members & also thank all of our members who enrolled a new member into the SBI but were not first during any of these months (each of these members shall receive a GIFT CERTIFICATE valued at \$5.00 that can be used at renewal time towards their annual membership dues. THE SBI LOOKS FORWARD TO GIVING AWAY MORE GIFT CERTIFICATES FOR THE MONTHS OF JUNE & JULY. WHICH OF YOU WILL IT BE? □

10-REASONS FOR JOINING SBI:

- 1 We will pay \$25.00 for an article (1500-2500 words) which is accepted/published in the SBI REPORT. However, contributor must be a paid member of the SBI & article must be of a recent UFO investigation/analyzation in order to qualify. *Offer not opened to SBI Staff, Directors or Foreign Representatives.*
- 2 Each month, the FIRST paid member of the SBI to submit an enrollment of a new member, along with applicant's remittance for annual dues, to our office shall receive a Gift Certificate valued at \$15.00 (1 yr. dues) that is redeemable at renewal time.
- 3 All those who are not first to submit a new member shall receive a \$5.00 Certificate that is redeemable at renewal time. *A maximum of 3-certificates per year only.*
- 4 Each paid member of the SBI that enrolls SIX (6) new members within a year receives a CASH AWARD of \$100.00 for their dedication & loyalty. *Paid in July of each year.*
- 5 Any group/individual who sponsor's an Annual Symposium for the SBI shall retain any & all profits made from the event. *Call or write us for more information.*
- 6 Purchase either back issues of the SBI REPORT or our SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS at "bulk rate prices" (50% OFF) & then re-sell them through your group event, literature, or mailing list for full price—EXCELLENT FUND RAISER. *Call or write for more info.*
- 7 Send us \$1.00 & the name & full address (zip code) of any person in the USA & we will mail them a current copy of the SBI REPORT along with a Gift Card from you.
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- 9 Badges offered to our investigative staff for credential purposes. *\$10.00 returnable deposit required; deposit returned when & if badge is returned for any reason.*
- 10 Have your group/club become an AFFILIATE MEMBER of the SBI & receive usage of our logo, name, consultants, SBI REPORT articles, equipment, investigators & analytical aid all for \$10.00 per yr. per member. *Call or write us for more information.*

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Director's Report

Pete Mazzola
International Dir.

I wish to thank all those that have written me expressing their kind comments on the recent overhaul of the *SBI REPORT*. It can only be said that our publication will strive for perfection in the coming months and that I would appreciate any and all comments, suggestions or articles you may wish to send me.

This is your publication not mine and therefore you have the right to read what you wish to read inside its pages, although I personally may not agree with an author's opinion or conclusion. Fortunately, the SBI does not dictate or discriminate when publishing articles in our publication. Whether or not you are a member of the SBI, whether or not you are a well-known researcher, whether or not you are a Ph.D., M.D., or whatever, we will publish your UFO report, opinion and/or analyzation so long as it has meaning and does not liabel or slander any other individual or organization. This may not sound like much to you but it is, in fact!

Research back issues of UFO publications and you will find that unless an individual has been published previously, or has a degree, or is part of the so-called "UFO-clique" they are not published in these publications since it is felt by many unnamed organizational directors that these people have nothing to offer their organizations, their readers, or to them personally. Basically, all these directors want is your money.

Individual UFO researchers and UFO organizational leaders alike tend to for-

get that we are all privileged to be alive and to be able to think. These people have forgotten that we have the same privilege to affect the future. For example, people of Earth are presently spending about 1 million dollars per minute on armaments. I feel once we stop trying to blast each other apart we will find that we can easily solve all the world's hunger, water and shelter problems, as well as resolve the mystery known as UFOs.

The power of an aroused public is unbeatable; Viet Nam and Watergate proved that. It is not yet too late, for while there is life there is hope. It's about time that organizational UFO leaders begin to realize that we are far more alike than we are different. We don't live in isolation. We are all interconnected. We are all living in one world. There is no need to feel helpless or get paralyzed by hopelessness since it should be realized that we have the power to make changes if we join together and raise our voices in unison. There is certainly more power in numbers than we ever hoped to dream about. Therefore, I feel we should let our numbers grow as we each take it upon ourselves to spread the message that UFOs exist and our government knows about it.

Unfortunately, at present, we live in a world of competition, conflict, distrust, hatred, overpopulation, ignorance and monumental selfishness instead of a world of love, cooperation and wisdom. Many UFO researchers of today feel separate from and better than others, they are selfish and put their own welfare above that of others only desiring to compete, fight, or to destroy others while they pollute, overconsume, overpopulate and totally refuse to coop-

erate in any way, shape, or form.

Since ufologists have not learned from mistakes made during the past 37 years they are doomed to relive these experiences until such time as they realize that they are proceeding in the wrong direction with wrong intentions. Sooner or later ufologists will learn that the only method to resolving the UFO mystery is in a combined, cooperative manner. No one person or one organization shall ever unravel the UFO enigma since they lack the finances and manpower.

Hopefully, through the recently incorporated North American UFO Federation many of these problems will either be rectified or eliminated all together. In issue-41 of the *SBI REPORT* there appeared information on this worthwhile organization as well as a membership application. Few have enrolled and I ask that you search your hearts and minds and enroll as a Supporting Member (\$15.00 per yr.) in order to aid us in striving for more cooperation, unity and harmony in ufology as we attempt to resolve the phenomenon. Those of you that do not have this issue are requested to write the SBI for more info on the North American UFO Federation and for an application form.

* * * * *

The SBI welcomes the following members to our organization: SUBSCRIBERS: Luis Molina; Dorothy Lewis; Paul Stowe; Forrest Roberts; Marvin Kantorowtz; and Dr. Richard C. Niemt-zow (active. Major-USAF). ACTIVE: Irene Granchi (Foreign Rep.-Brazil);

(Cont'd. on pg. 18)

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